



## 403(b) CUSTODIAL ACCOUNT AGREEMENT

### ARTICLE 1: INTRODUCTION

**1.1 Establishment of Account.** This Agreement is intended to establish a 403(b) Custodial Account meeting the requirements of Code Section 403(b)(7) and any other applicable requirements of the Code and applicable Treasury regulations issued thereunder. This Agreement and the Adoption Agreement will be interpreted and administered so as to carry out such intent.

Except to the extent otherwise required under Code Section 403(b) and regulations thereunder, the Adoption Agreement signed by the Employee and accepted by UMB Bank, n.a. as Custodian and this Agreement (which is incorporated by reference into the Adoption Agreement), as either may be amended from time to time, are the legal documents governing the Account and shall supersede any provisions of the 403(b) plan document which are inconsistent with the terms herein.

**1.2 Effective Date.** This Agreement will become effective on the date on which the Custodian accepts the Adoption Agreement signed by the Employee. Such acceptance is indicated by the Custodian (or its agent) opening the Account for the Employee's benefit, which will occur on the date when the Custodian receives and accepts a contribution to the Account. If all required forms and information are properly submitted, UMB Bank, n.a. will accept appointment as Custodian of the Employee's Account. However, this Agreement (and the Adoption Agreement) is not binding upon the Custodian until the Employee has received a statement confirming the initial transaction for the Account. Receipt by the Employee of a confirmation of the purchase of Fund shares for the Account as directed in the Employee's Adoption Agreement will serve as notification of UMB Bank, n.a.'s acceptance of appointment as Custodian of the Employee's Account.

### ARTICLE 2: DEFINITIONS

**2.1 Account or Employee's Account** means the account established and maintained by the Custodian under this Agreement for the benefit of the Employee.

**2.2 Adoption Agreement** means the 403(b) Custodial Account Adoption Agreement, which incorporates this Agreement, signed by the Employee, as it may be amended from time to time.

**2.3 Agreement** means this 403(b) Custodial Account Agreement with UMB Bank, n.a. as Custodian, as it may be amended from time to time.

**2.4 Beneficiary** means an individual or entity designated by the Employee to receive payment of all or part of the amount in the Account upon the death of the Employee. (See also Article 9.)

**2.5 Code** means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as it may be amended from time to time or any successor statute enacted in lieu thereof. Reference to any provision of the Code includes reference to any replacing provision or to any similar provision in a successor statute.

**2.6 Custodian** means UMB Bank, n.a., or any party serving as successor custodian in accordance with this Agreement.

**2.7 Employee** means the individual who signed the Adoption Agreement to establish the Account.

At the time any Employer contributions to the Employee's Account are made, the Employee must be a common law employee performing services for an Employer described in

subsection 2.8(a), or a common law employee of an employer described in subsection 2.8(b) who is performing services as an employee for an educational organization (as defined in Code Section 170(b)(1)(A)(ii)) and whose compensation for such services is paid the Employer, or a minister described in Code Section 414(e)(5)(A). An independent contractor shall not be considered an Employee for purposes of the preceding sentence.

**2.8 Employer** means the Employer of the Employee. The Employer must be:

- (a) an organization described in Code Section 501(c)(3) exempt from taxation under Code Section 501(a), or
- (b) a state, political subdivision of a state, or an agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state, or
- (c) the minister (if self-employed) or the entity employing a minister and with whom the minister shares common religious bonds.

**2.9 Fund or Funds** means one or more mutual funds the shares of which are available from time to time as investments for the Account, provided however that shares of the Fund may legally be offered for sale in the state where the Employee resides. The Fund(s) available will be designated in the Adoption Agreement or in another listing provided to the Employee.

**2.10 Fund Distributor** means the entity that has a contract with the Fund to serve as distributor of such Fund's shares. If there is no Fund Distributor then the duties assigned hereunder to the Fund Distributor are performed by the Fund or an entity that has a contract to perform management or investment advisory services for the Fund.

## ARTICLE 3: CONTRIBUTIONS TO ACCOUNT

**3.1 Establishment of Account.** The Custodian will open and maintain the Account in the name of the Employee. The Employee's interest in the Account will be nonforfeitable at all times.

### **3.2 Salary Reduction Contributions to Account.**

**Note: Effective February 1, 2009, Madison Funds no longer accepts salary reduction contributions to 403(b) account.**

**3.3** In connection with the Account, the Employee and the Employer may enter into a salary reduction agreement, and the Employer will contribute to the Employee's Account all amounts by which the Employee's salary is reduced under such salary reduction agreement. Any salary reduction agreement between the Employer and the Employee will be effective only as to amounts earned by the Employee after such agreement becomes effective. A salary reduction agreement may not be retroactively revoked or modified with respect to amounts already earned by the Employee.

Either the Employee or the Employer may terminate a salary reduction agreement at the end of any payroll period. Following termination of a salary reduction agreement, the Employee may reinstate his or her salary reduction agreement or may enter into a new salary reduction agreement with the Employer. The Employee may modify the salary reduction agreement at any time. However, the Employer may impose reasonable restrictions on the frequency with which the Employee may terminate, reinstate or modify a salary reduction agreement. Any termination, reinstatement or modification will relate only to compensation not yet earned, and not to compensation already earned, by the Employee as of the effective date of such termination, reinstatement or modification.

No Employer contributions other than contributions pursuant to a salary reduction agreement are permitted. No contributions or transfers-in shall be accepted by the Custodian or Fund Distributor on and after the date such Fund Distributor no longer makes its Funds available for contributions or transfers-in to this 403(b) Custodial Account. No after-tax contributions or designated Roth contributions as described in Treasury regulation 1.403(b)-3(c) are permitted.

### **3.4 Transfers and Rollovers to Account.**

**NOTE: Effective September 24, 2007 Madison Funds no longer accepts transfers to 403(b) account.**

#### **(a) Transfers to Account.**

The Employee may by appropriate instructions direct a transfer to the Account from an existing custodial account described in Code Section 403(b)(7) or any annuity contract described in Code Section 403(b)(1) which meets the requirements of Treasury regulation section 1.403(b)-3(a) (a "Section 403(b) contract"). Transfers must be in cash. With respect to a transfer of a Section 403(b) annuity contract or custodial account within the same Employer 403(b) arrangement to the Account, the Custodian will only accept such transfer if an information sharing agreement is entered between the Fund Distributor and the Employer under which the Employer and Fund Distributor will from time

to time in the future provide each other with information concerning the Employee's employment, information that takes into account other Section 403(b) contracts or qualified employer plans (such as information related to distribution restrictions and hardship withdrawals), and information necessary to satisfy other tax requirements. No transfers-in shall be accepted by the Custodian or Fund Distributor on and after the date such Fund Distributor no longer makes its Funds available for transfers-in to this 403(b) Custodial Account.

#### **(b) Rollovers to Account.**

**NOTE: Effective February 1, 2009, Madison Funds no longer accepts rollovers to 403(b) account.**

The Custodian will accept cash rollover contributions from the Employee provided such amount constitutes a rollover amount under Code Section 403(b)(8), an eligible rollover distribution under Code Section 402(c)(4), a rollover amount under Code Section 457(e)(16), or a rollover contribution under Code Section 408(d)(3)(A) (or other applicable Code section). Notwithstanding the foregoing, rollovers of amounts that include after-tax employee contributions or designated Roth contributions are not permitted. No rollovers to the Account shall be accepted by the Custodian or Fund Distributor on and after the date such Fund Distributor no longer makes its Funds available for rollovers to this 403(b) Custodial Account.

**(c) Conditions for Acceptance of Transfers and Rollovers.** To the extent required by regulations or Internal Revenue Service rulings, transfers will be accepted only if the Employee verifies that the 403(b) custodial account or annuity contract from which the transfer is being made does not contain withdrawal or distribution restrictions that are more restrictive than those contained in this Agreement.

The Employee will be responsible for insuring that any such transfer or rollover to the Account satisfies the requirements specified in this section and all other applicable provisions of the Code and Treasury regulations in order for the transfer or rollover to be a tax-free transaction. The Employee will also be responsible for providing, or insuring that his or her Employer provides, to the Fund Distributor any information concerning any transfer or rollover amount necessary to permit the Custodian to properly administer and/or report distributions from such transfer or rollover amount.

**3.4 Subaccounts.** If the Account contains more than one type of contribution, transfer or rollover under Sections 3.2 and 3.3, the Custodian may agree to maintain separate subaccounts showing the amounts held in the Account derived from contributions under Section 3.2 and/or 3.3, or the Custodian may require the maintenance of such separate subaccounts.

### **3.5 Limitations on Contributions.**

#### **(a) General Limitations on Salary Reduction**

**Contributions.** Contributions to the Account under Section 3.2 in any taxable year of the Employee may not include any amount which is an excess contribution under Code Section 4973(c) (an "Excess Contribution") or that would exceed the limit on annual additions to the Account

for a limitation year under Code Section 415 as applicable to the Employee. In addition, salary reduction contributions to the Account under Section 3.2 for a calendar year may not exceed the elective deferral limit applicable to the Employee for such year under Code Sections 401(a)(30) and 402(g) (taking into account increases to such limit due to changes in the cost of living (to the extent applicable for a particular calendar year) and taking into account such higher limit as the Employee qualifies for under the provisions of Code Section 402(g)(7)). The Employee shall have the sole responsibility for ensuring that these limitations are satisfied.

(b) **Catch-up Contributions.** If the Employee is age 50 or older by the end of any calendar year, the maximum salary reduction contributions to the Account by the Employee for such calendar year will be increased by the amount provided in Code Section 414(v) applicable to such year. In the event an Employee is eligible for both the catch-up contribution under this subsection and the increased elective deferral limit under Code Section 402(g)(7), any additional amount contributed as a result of these increased limits shall be treated first as an amount contributed under the increased limit under Code Section 402(g)(7) and then as an age 50 catch-up contribution (to the extent the age 50 catch-up exceeds the amount of increase under 402(g)(7)).

(c) **Aggregation.** The limitations under Code Section 402(g) as provided for in the subsection (b) and the last sentence of subsection (a) will be determined taking into account any other amounts contributed during such calendar year by the Employee through a salary reduction election under any other arrangement that is subject to the limitations of Code Section 402(g) and/or Code Section 414(v). Except as otherwise required under Code Section 415 including regulations thereunder, the limit on annual additions for a limitation year shall not be aggregated with contributions to a qualified plan of the Employee's Employer. However, in no event can the amount of an Employee's salary reduction contributions for a year be more than the Employee's includible compensation (as defined in Code Section 403(b)) for the year.

(d) Neither the Custodian nor any affiliate of the Custodian shall be under any obligation to insure that any contributions to the Account are in compliance with (i) the general limitations on contributions under subsection (a) above, or (ii) the additional limitations on salary reduction contributions under subsection (b) above, or to monitor compliance with such limitations or requirements, unless such obligation is expressly undertaken by separate written agreement between the Custodian and the Employee.

#### ARTICLE 4: INVESTMENT OF CONTRIBUTIONS

**4.1 Purchase of Shares.** As soon as is practicable after the Custodian receives a contribution under Section 3.2 or Section 3.3, it will invest such contribution in shares or fractional shares of one or more Funds in accordance with the Employee's investment instructions. The Account may be invested in the shares of one or more Funds provided that any minimum investment requirements specified by the Funds' prospectuses are met.

The Employee will specify his or her investment instructions for the initial investment of contributions to the Account at the same time he or she completes the Adoption Agreement for the Account, and such instructions will remain in effect until the Custodian receives new written instructions acceptable to the Custodian. However, if investment instructions for any contribution are not received from the Employee as required, or if any instructions received by the Custodian are incomplete or ambiguous in the judgment of the Custodian, the Custodian may continue to invest contributions to the Account in accordance with the Employee's most recent investment instructions (if any) until such incompleteness or ambiguity has been resolved to the Custodian's satisfaction; alternatively, the Custodian may return any contributions received for the Employee's Account to the Employee, or may hold any such contributions uninvested (or may invest them in a money market fund if available), until such instructions are provided by the Employee or until such incompleteness or ambiguity has been resolved. In either event, the Custodian will have no liability for interest or for loss or changes in investment values of Fund shares which occur pending the Employee's providing proper investment

instructions or the resolution of such incompleteness or ambiguity (as the case may be).

Any shares of a Fund held hereunder for the Employee's Account may be registered in the name of the Custodian or its nominee. All such shares and fractional shares shall be issued and accounted for as book entry shares, and no physical shares or share certificates will be issued.

**4.2 Reports and Voting of Securities.** The Custodian shall deliver, or cause to be delivered by mail or electronically, to the Employee or, if applicable, his or her Beneficiary, all notices, prospectuses, financial statements and other reports to shareholders, proxies and proxy soliciting materials relating to the shares of the Funds(s) credited to the Custodial Account. The Custodian shall vote any shares held in the Account in accordance with the timely written instructions of the Employee if received. If no timely written voting instructions are received from the Employee (or his or Beneficiary), the Employee (or his or her Beneficiary) agrees that the Custodian may vote such unvoted shares as instructed by the Fund Distributor, which may include voting in the same proportion of shares of the Fund for which written voting instructions were timely received by the Fund (or its agent) from the Fund's other shareholders or in accordance with the recommendations of the Fund's board of directors in the relevant proxy soliciting materials. In the latter case, the Custodian shall have no responsibility to separately review or evaluate the Fund's board of directors' voting recommendations nor have any liability for following

the Employee's instruction to follow the Fund's board of directors' recommendation.

**4.3 Dividends.** The Custodian will invest all dividends and capital gains or other distributions received on the shares of a Fund held in the Account in additional shares and fractional shares of that Fund.

**4.4 Change of Investments.** Subject to any minimum investment requirement applicable to a Fund, the Employee (or his or her Beneficiary, if the Employee is deceased) may at any time direct the Custodian to redeem all or a specified portion of the shares of a Fund in the Employee's Account and to invest the net redemption proceeds in shares and fractional shares of one or more other Funds.

The Employee (or Beneficiary) will give such directions by written notice acceptable to the Custodian, and the Custodian will process such directions as soon as practicable after receipt thereof. If any such directions are incomplete or ambiguous in the judgment of the Custodian or otherwise not in good order, the Custodian will refrain from carrying out any transactions until such incompleteness or ambiguity or other defect has been resolved to its satisfaction, without liability for any loss or change in investment values of Fund shares which occur pending the resolution of such incompleteness or ambiguity.

Any sales or redemption fee or other charge payable in connection with any redemption will be paid from the Employee's Account.

In the event that any Fund held in the Employee's Account is liquidated or is otherwise made unavailable by the sponsor or Fund Distributor of such Fund as a permissible investment for the Account

hereunder, the liquidation or other proceeds of such Fund shall be invested in accordance with the instructions of the Employee; if the Employee does not give such instructions, or if such instructions are unclear or incomplete in the opinion of the Custodian, the Custodian may invest such liquidation or other proceeds in such other Fund (including a money market fund if available) as the sponsor or Fund Distributor designates, and the Custodian will have no responsibility for such investment.

**4.5 Others Who May Give Instructions.** Any instructions concerning the purchase of shares, voting, or changes of investments under Section 4.1, 4.2 or 4.4 above may be given by the Employee's Beneficiary following the Employee's death (or if there is no surviving Beneficiary, by the Employee's surviving spouse, or, if none, the Employee's executor or administrator of the Employee's estate).

In addition, the Employee (or, following the Employee's death, the Beneficiary or, if none, the Employee's surviving spouse, or, if none, the executor or administrator of the Employee's estate) may by acceptable written instructions to the Custodian, authorize an agent or investment advisor to act on his or her behalf in giving instructions to the Custodian concerning the purchase of shares, voting, or change of investments under Section 4.1, 4.2 or 4.4 above, and the Custodian will be fully protected in following the instructions of such authorized agent or investment advisor. The Employee's (or Beneficiary's) appointment of any such agent or investment advisor will also be deemed to be instructions to the Custodian to pay such agent's or investment advisor's fees from the Account hereunder without additional authorization by the Employee (or Beneficiary).

## ARTICLE 5: WITHDRAWALS AND LOANS

**5.1 Instructions to Custodian.** The Custodian will process written directions from the Employee to make withdrawals in accordance with Section 5.2 below. However, the Employee must provide the Employer with sufficient information in its judgment to insure that withdrawals directed by the Employee comply with the requirements of this Article. No withdrawals will be processed upon the death of the Employee unless the Custodian has been notified in writing of the Employee's death, and the Custodian has been provided with verification of such death which is adequate in its judgment.

**5.2 Withdrawals by Employee.** The Employee may, after certified by the Employer, make withdrawals from the Account at the time(s) directed by the Employee on a form or other written directions acceptable to and filed with the Custodian, subject to the provisions of this section.

(a) Events Permitting Withdrawal. No withdrawal of amounts consisting of salary reduction contributions under Section 3.2 may be made from the Account before the earliest of:

- (i) the date the employee reaches age 59½;
- (ii) the date the Employee separates from service with the Employer for any reason, including retirement;

- (iii) the date the Employee becomes disabled; as used in this subsection (iii), "disabled" means unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or to be of long continued and indefinite duration; the Custodian may require the Employee to furnish a certificate of a licensed physician stating that the Employee is so disabled or may require the Employee to provide satisfactory evidence that the Employee has been awarded Social Security disability benefits before processing any withdrawals on account of the Employee's disability;
- (iv) the termination of the 403(b) arrangement as provided in Article 11; or
- (v) the date the Employee encounters financial hardship within the meaning of Code Section 403(b)(7)(A)(ii) and applicable Treasury regulations and the provisions of this subsection (v). However, financial hardship withdrawals shall

only be permitted with respect to a 403(b) arrangement sponsored by an Employer which is a state or local government or governmental agency and thus not subject to ERISA. The Employee must provide to the Employer adequate verification and/or documentation of the existence of the Employee's financial hardship and the amount needed to meet the financial hardship as the Employer determines.

If so provided in the Adoption Agreement (or in procedures adopted by the Custodian), the Employee may apply for a hardship withdrawal. The Employee must certify to the Employer that the withdrawal is needed to meet one of the following situations:

- (A) Expenses for medical care described in Code Section 213(d) previously incurred by the Employee, the Employee's spouse, designated Beneficiary, or any dependents of the Employee or necessary for these persons to obtain such medical care;
- (B) Costs directly related to the purchase of a principal residence for the Employee (excluding mortgage payments);
- (C) Payment of tuition, related educational fees, and room and board expenses, for the next 12 months of post-secondary education for the Employee, or the Employee's spouse, designated Beneficiary, children, or dependents;
- (D) Payments necessary to prevent the eviction of the Employee from the Employee's principal residence or foreclosure on the mortgage on that residence;
- (E) Payments for burial or funeral expenses for the Employee's deceased parent, spouse, designated Beneficiary, children or dependents (as defined in Code Section 152(d)(1)(B)); or
- (F) Expenses for the repair of damage to the employee's principal residence that would qualify for the casualty deduction under Code Section 165 (without regard to whether the loss exceeds 10 of adjusted gross income).
- (G) Expenses resulting from a federally declared disaster in an area designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

In addition, the Employee must certify and agree that:

- (H) The withdrawal is not in excess of the amount of the immediate and heavy financial need of the Employee. (The amount of an immediate and heavy financial need may include any amounts necessary to pay any federal, state, or local income taxes or penalties reasonably anticipated to result from the withdrawal.)
- (I) A financial hardship withdrawal under this subsection (v) may not include any earnings or investment gains on the salary reduction contribution amounts while held in the Account. The Employer will make final determination of a

financial hardship and shall notify the Custodian of a financial hardship withdrawal.

For purposes of subsection (a)(ii) above, an Employee who transfers from his or her Employer to another entity within the Employer's controlled group (as defined in Code Section 414(b) or (c) as applicable to tax exempt organizations) which is not an eligible Employer, the Employee shall be considered as having terminated service with the Employer.

(b) **Withdrawals from Other Contributions.** Except as otherwise restricted under Section 3.3, withdrawals of amounts consisting of rollovers or transfers (and any earnings or investment growth) may be made from the Account at the Employee's election (subject to the minimum distribution or other applicable requirements of this Agreement).

(c) **Withdrawal of Excess Contributions or Deferrals.** If for any taxable year, any portion of the contributions to the Employee's Account is an excess contribution under Code Section 4973, the Employee may instruct the Custodian to pay such amount (plus earnings) to the Employee and the Custodian will process such withdrawal (subject to the requirements of subsection (a) above). Alternatively, the Employee may designate such amount as a contribution for a subsequent taxable year by appropriate written instructions to the Custodian.

If, on or before March 1 following the close of a calendar year, the Employee notifies the Custodian in writing that an amount in the Account constitutes a deferral (including salary reduction contributions) in excess of the applicable limit in Code Section 402(g) and requests to withdraw such amount (plus earnings), the Custodian will process such withdrawal and pay such amount (and any earnings allocable to such amount) to the Employee (or to his or her order) on or before the next following April 15.

(d) **Required Start of Withdrawals.** An Employee must begin taking minimum withdrawals from the Account, as described in Section 5.3(b), no later than the April 1 of the year following the year in which the Employee reaches age 72, or the April 1 following the Employee's retirement or termination of employment from the Employer, if later (the "required beginning date").

**5.3 Form of Distribution.** The Employee may elect to receive the assets of his Account, in cash or in shares, in either or any combination of the following forms, as directed by the Employee:

- (a) a single sum;
- (b) in withdrawals at such times and in such amounts as the Employee specifies, which can include specification of a regular program of monthly, quarterly or annual installment payments, provided that the amount withdrawn in any distribution calendar year satisfies the

requirements of Code Section 401(a)(9) and the regulations thereunder as applicable to custodial accounts operating under Code Section 403(b)(7) (for this purpose, a "distribution calendar year" is any calendar year with respect to which a distribution from the Account is required to satisfy Code Section 401(a)(9) and the regulations thereunder). The first distribution calendar year is the calendar year in which the Employee reaches age 72 or the year of the Employee's retirement or termination of employment from the Employer, whichever is later. Each subsequent calendar year during the Employee's lifetime is also a distribution calendar year. The required minimum distribution for the Employee's first distribution calendar year must be withdrawn by the Employee by no later than the Employee's required beginning date. The required minimum distribution for each subsequent distribution calendar year must be withdrawn by the Employee before the end of such distribution calendar year. In general, the required minimum distribution for any distribution calendar year is the balance in the Employee's Account as of the end of the calendar year preceding such distribution calendar year divided by the appropriate divisor based upon the Employee's age in such distribution calendar year in accordance with regulations under Code Section 401(a)(9); however, if the Employee's sole designated beneficiary is the Employee's spouse, and the spouse is more than 10 years younger than the Employee, the divisor is the joint life expectancy of the Employee and his spouse based on their attained ages in the distribution calendar year determined under applicable Treasury regulations.

If the Employee fails to elect the time or form of distribution of benefits, the Custodian will assume that the Employee is satisfying any minimum distribution requirements from another Code Section 403(b) arrangement. The Custodian will not distribute any assets from the Employee's Account in the absence of a written withdrawal direction in good order from the Employee (or, if applicable the Employee's beneficiary), and the Custodian will have no liability or responsibility for not making a distribution in such event.

#### 5.4 Distributions at the Employee's Death.

**In General.** At the Employee's death, distributions will be made in the form elected by the Beneficiary. The Beneficiary must notify the Custodian in writing of the Employee's death and provide such evidence of the Employee's death as the Custodian requests. The Custodian will not distribute any assets from the Account following the Employee's death until the foregoing requirements have been satisfied, and the Custodian will have no liability for any resulting delays in distribution. To the extent the Beneficiary may elect the form of distribution, the Beneficiary must provide written notice to the Custodian listing the date on which distribution will commence, and the manner in which and the period over which distribution will be made, subject to the other provisions of this Section 5.5. The

Custodian will have no liability or responsibility for following the written directions of the Beneficiary (or the Employee) or for not acting in the absence of such written directions.

**NOTE:** The rules regarding distributions for beneficiaries changed beginning in the year 2020, Employees who died in 2019 or earlier, the previous distribution rules for beneficiaries are still applicable and the new rules changes do not apply.

(a) **Form of Distribution:** Any form of distribution to the Beneficiary must comply with the following requirements:

(i) **Designated Beneficiary** Upon the death of a participant the individual beneficiary would be required to withdrawal the entire account within ten years, this rule applies regardless of whether RMD's had begun prior to the participants death

(ii) **Eligible Designated Beneficiary** If the Employee's Beneficiary is an eligible designated beneficiary The ten year rule would not apply if the account is distributed over the beneficiaries life or a period not exceeding his or her life expectancy, as long as such distributions begin within one year of the death of the participant. An eligible designated beneficiary is any designated beneficiary who is, the surviving spouse, a child under the age of majority, disabled or chronically ill, any other person who is not more than 10 years younger than the deceased participant. If the eligible designated beneficiary is a spouse, then distributions would not be required to begin earlier than the date on which the participant would have attained age 72.

(iii) **Determination of Beneficiary.** The person or persons who are considered the Employee's Beneficiary(ies) for purposes of applying the rules of this Section 5.4(a) will be determined as of September 30th of the year following the calendar year of the Employee's death. The determination of whether a designated beneficiary is an eligible designated beneficiary shall be made as of the date of death of the employee. No person may be a designated Beneficiary unless he or she was designated as such by the Employee during the Employee's lifetime; however, such a designated person will not be considered a Beneficiary for purposes of such rules if such person executed a valid disclaimer or received payment of his or her entire interest before the beneficiary determination date.

(iii) **Special Rules.**

If a Beneficiary designated by the Employee survived the Employee but is not living on the beneficiary determination date, an eligible inheriting beneficiary of that Beneficiary shall

distribute the remaining balance of the account within 10 years after the death of such beneficiary

If any Beneficiary for the Account is not an individual, the amount in the Account must be distributed by the end of the fifth calendar year following the year of the Employee's death.

If there are multiple individual Beneficiaries, the rules of subsection (i) and (ii) above will be applied. In a manner that complies with the requirements of regulations under Code Section 401(a)(9), the rules of this subsection (b) will be applied separately with respect to each Beneficiary.

(iv) **Determination of Beneficiary.** The person or persons who are considered the Employee's Beneficiary(ies) for purposes of applying the rules of this Section 5.4(c) will be determined under the rules specified in Section 5.4(a)(iii) above.

(vi) **Special Rules.** If there is no surviving Beneficiary designated by the Employee as of the beneficiary determination date, or if any Beneficiary is not an individual, the amount remaining in the Employee's Account must be distributed within five years after the death of the employee

**5.5 Incompetent Recipient.** If an amount is payable to a person known by the Custodian to be a minor or under a legal disability, the Custodian may, in its absolute discretion, pay all or any part of such amount to (a) a parent of such person, (b) the guardian, committee or other legal representative, wherever appointed, of such person, including a custodian for such person under a Uniform Transfers to Minors Act or similar act, (c) any person having the control and custody of such person, or (d) to such person directly.

**5.6 Distributions Under a Qualified Domestic Relations Order.** Notwithstanding Section 5.2 or any other provision hereof, the Custodian will make payments in accordance with a qualified domestic relations order described in Code Section 414(p). The Employee (or Beneficiary) will have the responsibility for directing the Custodian whether or not to contest, defend against or appeal the issuance of any such order, but the Custodian will have no responsibility to so contest, defend or appeal unless it has been indemnified by the Employee (or Beneficiary) to its satisfaction against its costs, expenses (including attorneys' fees) and other liabilities arising therefrom. Furthermore, the determination as to whether to process a domestic relations order that complies with Code Section 414(p) shall be made by the Custodian or such delegate as the Custodian appoints for this purpose. In any case, the cost of such determination (if any) shall be paid by the Employee from his or her Account.

**5.7 Withdrawals Payable in Cash or in Shares.** All withdrawals will be paid in cash or in shares of one or more Funds, as designated in writing by the Employee or Beneficiary. When

required to pay a withdrawal in cash, the Custodian will redeem sufficient shares of one or more Funds in the Employee's Account to provide the amount necessary; any such redemptions will be in accordance with the Employee's instructions (or, in the absence of such instruction, in proportion to the value of the shares of each Fund held in the Account, and the Custodian will be fully protected in so doing).

Payment in shares will be effected by reregistering the shares in the name of the payee.

**5.8 Transfer of Account.** At the written direction of the Employee and as certified by the Employer, the Custodian will redeem a portion or all of the shares of one or more Funds in the Employee's Account and will transfer the redemption proceeds, less any charges, to the custodian or insurer of another custodial account or annuity contract established for the benefit of the Employee under Code Section 403(b), as specified by the Employee. Neither the Custodian, Fund Distributor nor any Fund hereunder (or any entity or person affiliated with the Custodian, Fund Distributor or a Fund) will have any responsibility to determine whether such other custodial account or annuity contract meets the requirements of Code Section 403(b) or whether the transfer will constitute a tax-free transaction. The Employee shall provide such information to the Fund Distributor as it requires to insure that the such transfer (whether to another Section 403(b) contract of the same Employer or to another 403(b) plan) meets the requirements of Treasury Regulation Section 1.403(b)-10(b) or such other Internal Revenue Service rule as applicable to the Custodian.

#### **5.9 Direct Rollovers.**

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary that would otherwise limit a distributee's election under this section, a distributee may elect, at the time and in the manner prescribed by the Custodian, to have any portion of an eligible rollover distribution paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee in a direct rollover.

(b) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the definitions given.

(i) **Eligible rollover distribution:** An eligible rollover distribution is any withdrawal or distribution of all or any portion of the balance to the credit of the distributee, except that an eligible rollover distribution does not include: any withdrawal or distribution that is one of a series of substantially equal periodic payments (not less frequently than annually) made for the life (or life expectancy) of the distributee or the joint lives (or joint life expectancies) of the distributee and the distributee's designated beneficiary, or for a specified period of ten years or more; any withdrawal or distribution to the extent such distribution is required under Code Section 401(a)(9); the portion of any withdrawal or distribution that is not includible in gross income (except to the extent provided in the Code); and, any hardship withdrawal under Section 5.2(a)(iv).

(ii) Eligible retirement plan: An eligible retirement plan is an individual retirement account described in Code Section 408(a), a Roth individual retirement account described in Code Section 408A, an individual retirement annuity described in Code Section 408(b), or an arrangement described in Code Section 403(b), that accepts the distributee's eligible rollover distribution. In addition, an eligible retirement plan includes an employer plan that is qualified under Code Section 401(a) with a trust that is tax-exempt under Code Section 501(a) or a plan maintained under Code Section 457 by a governmental employer. Any arrangement described in Code Section 403(b), 401(a) or 457 shall be an eligible retirement plan only if the distributee is a participant in such plan and such plan permits the acceptance of direct rollovers. In the case of a distribution to a Beneficiary who, at the time of an Employee's death was not the spouse of the Employee (or former spouse and alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order), a direct rollover is payable only to an individual retirement account or individual retirement annuity (IRA) that has been established on behalf of the Beneficiary as an inherited IRA (within the meaning of Code Section 408(d)(3)(C)).

(iii) Distributee: A distributee includes the Employee. In addition, the Employee's surviving spouse and the

employee's spouse or former spouse who is the alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order, as defined in Code Section 414(p) (if applicable), are distributees with regard to the interest of the spouse or former spouse. To the extent provided in (ii) above, a distributee also includes a Beneficiary who, at the time of an Employee's death was not the spouse of the Employee (or former spouse and alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order).

(iv) Direct rollover: A direct rollover is a payment from the Employee's Account to the eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee.

(c) Neither the Custodian, the Fund Distributor nor any Fund hereunder (or any entity or person affiliated with the Custodian, Fund Distributor or a Fund) will have any responsibility to determine whether such eligible retirement plan meets the requirements of Code Section 401(a), 403(b), 408 or 457 whether the direct rollover will constitute a tax-free transaction.

**5.10 Loans.** No loans shall be permitted from an Employee's Account.

## ARTICLE 6: THE CUSTODIAN

**6.1 Duties.** The Custodian will perform the following duties related to the administration of the Employee's Account (subject to the provisions of this Agreement):

- (a) Receive contributions under Sections 3.2 and 3.3 (unless the Fund Distributor no longer accepts contributions, transfers-in or rollovers to the Employee's Account), invest such contributions in shares of one or more Funds in accordance with the Employee's investment instructions, and credit such shares to the Employee's Account;
- (b) Maintain accounting records showing the number of Fund shares credited to the Account;
- (c) Collect income and reinvest such income as provided in this Agreement;
- (d) Carry out the Employee's (or Beneficiary's) instructions for the purchase, sale or exchange of shares of Funds for the Account and make settlements in accordance with general practice;
- (e) Determine based upon information provided by the Employee and/or the Employer, his eligibility for a withdrawal and upon a determination of eligibility following the Employee's request for a withdrawal, making such withdrawal;
- (f) Maintain records of all transactions in the Account;
- (g) Not less frequently than annually, provide the Employee (or Beneficiary) appropriate statements of the Account showing all transactions of the Account;

- (h) File with the Internal Revenue Service and/or any other government agency such returns, reports, forms, and other information (if any) as may be required of it as Custodian;
- (i) Perform such other duties and services as may be necessary under this Agreement.

The Custodian may appoint one or more service providers or contractors (including an affiliate of the Custodian or a contractor or affiliate of the Fund Distributor or the Fund or the transfer agent for a Fund) to carry out any or all of its duties hereunder.

**6.2 Share Redemptions.** If cash is needed to pay taxes, fees, or other expenses properly chargeable to the Account or to make payments to the Employee or Beneficiary under Article 5, the Employee (or Beneficiary, if applicable) will instruct the Custodian in writing which Fund should be redeemed or sold if the Account is invested in more than one Fund. In the absence of such written instructions, the Custodian will redeem shares of all Funds in the Account in proportion to the value of the shares of each such Fund held in the Account and will be fully protected in so doing.

### 6.3 Limitations on Liabilities and Duties.

- (a) The Custodian will be fully protected in acting in accordance with or in reliance upon any document, order or other direction believed by the Custodian to be genuine and properly given, or in not acting in the absence of proper instructions or when it believes that any document, order or other direction either is not genuine or was not properly given, or is otherwise not in good order.

- (b) To the extent permitted by law, 30 days after providing to the Employee (or Beneficiary) any statement referred to in Section 6.1, the Custodian will be released and discharged from all liability to the Employee (or Beneficiary) and any other person as to the matters contained in such statement unless the Employee (or Beneficiary) files written objections with the Custodian within such 30-day period.
- (c) The Employee (or Beneficiary) will be solely responsible for his investment directions and the selection of the Fund(s) in which the Account is invested. Neither the Custodian nor any Fund (nor any entity or person affiliated with the Custodian or a Fund) will be under any fiduciary or other duty to the Employee (or Beneficiary) with respect to the selection of investments or be liable for any loss or diminution in value incurred on account of a selected investment. The Employee acknowledges that the Custodian will not provide investment advice or recommendations hereunder.
- (d) Neither the Custodian, the Fund Distributor nor any Fund (nor any entity or person affiliated with the Custodian, Fund Distributor or a Fund) will have any responsibility for determining the amount of any contribution or for collecting any contribution from any person. None of them (nor any such other person) will have any responsibility for determining whether the amount of any contribution is within any applicable limitation under the Code, or for any taxes or penalties imposed on excess contributions or deferrals. The Employee will have sole responsibility for the computation of the limitation(s) on contributions under Code Section 415(c), any limit on elective deferrals (including salary reduction contributions) under Code Section 402(g) or 414(v), and any and all matters relating to any tax consequences with respect to contributions, earnings, withdrawals, transfers or rollovers to or from the Account.
- (e) Neither the Custodian, the Fund Distributor nor any Fund (nor any entity or person affiliated with the Custodian or Fund Distributor or Fund) will be responsible for determining the propriety, amount or timing of any loan to or withdrawal by the Employee (or Beneficiary), or for any taxes or penalties imposed because of taxable loans or improper, premature or insufficient withdrawals.
- (f) The Custodian shall have no responsibility to carry out any transaction with respect to the Account except upon the written order of the Employee (or Beneficiary if the Employee is deceased), and shall be entitled to receive any and all applications, certificates, tax waivers, signature guarantees, releases, indemnification agreements, and other documents (including proof of any legal representative's authority) deemed necessary or advisable by the Custodian, but the Custodian will not be responsible for complying with any order or instruction which appears on its face to be genuine (and the Custodian will have no duty of further inquiry with respect to any such order or instruction). The Custodian will not be required to carry out any incomplete or ambiguous instructions or any instructions otherwise not given in accordance with this Agreement or not in good order. Neither the Custodian, Fund Distributor nor any Fund (nor any entity or person affiliated with the Custodian, Fund Distributor or a Fund) will be liable for loss of income, or for appreciation or depreciation in share value resulting from the Custodian's failure to follow any incomplete or ambiguous instructions or any instructions otherwise not given in accordance with this Agreement or not in good order, or for any delay pending the receipt of any additional document or information requested by the Custodian.
- (g) The Custodian will have no responsibility to pay any withdrawal directed by the Employee or Beneficiary unless the Employee's or Beneficiary's written withdrawal instructions state the reason for the withdrawal and contain all signature guarantees, certifications, and other documents or assurances requested by the Custodian.
- (h) Neither the Custodian the Fund Distributor nor any Fund (nor any entity or person affiliated with the Custodian, Fund Distributor or a Fund) will have any liability to the Employee or Beneficiary for any tax penalty or other damages resulting from any inadvertent failure by the Custodian to pay a withdrawal when requested by the Employee or Beneficiary or for the inadvertent payment of an ineligible withdrawal when requested by the Employee or Beneficiary.
- (i) Neither the Custodian, Fund Distributor nor any Fund (nor any entity or person affiliated with the Custodian, Fund Distributor or any Fund) will have any liability to the Employee or any Beneficiary as a result of transferring the amount in the Account to the proper state authority in accordance with any applicable law relating to escheat or abandoned or unclaimed property.
- (j) To the extent permitted by law, the Employee (or where applicable Beneficiary) agrees to indemnify the Custodian and hold it harmless from any and all liability whatsoever which may arise either (i) in connection with this Agreement and the Employee's Account (except liability arising from the Custodian's fraud or willful misconduct) or (ii) with respect to making or failing to pay any withdrawal, other than for failure to make any distribution in accordance with instructions therefor which are in full compliance with this Agreement.
- (k) The Custodian will not be obligated to commence or to defend a legal action or proceeding in connection with this Agreement unless the Custodian agrees to do so and is first indemnified to its satisfaction.
- (l) Neither the Employer Fund Distributor nor any Fund (nor any entity or person affiliated with the Fund Distributor a Fund) will have any responsibility or liability for any acts or omissions of the Custodian hereunder. The Custodian (and any affiliate of the Custodian) will have no responsibility or liability for any acts or omissions of the Employee, the Employer or any Fund (or any affiliate or representative of any of them).
- (m) The limitations on the liabilities and duties of the Custodian, and the protections accorded the Custodian, in this Section 6.3 are not exclusive, but rather are in addition to any other limitations on the Custodian's liabilities and duties and any

other protections accorded the Custodian under this Agreement.

**6.4 Compensation.** The Custodian will receive the fees specified in its then current fee schedule. The Custodian may substitute a revised fee schedule from time to time upon 30 days' written notice to the Employee. The Custodian will be entitled to such reasonable additional fees as it may from time to time determine for services required of it in addition to those reflected in the fee schedule.

**6.5 Resignation.** The Custodian may resign by giving at least 30 days' written notice to the Employee (or Beneficiary) at the Employee's (or Beneficiary's) last known address as shown on the Custodian's records. In such event, the Fund Distributor will designate a successor 403(b) custodian or individual retirement account to which the assets of the Account are to be transferred. If the Fund Distributor does not

timely designate a successor custodian or individual retirement account, the incumbent Custodian may designate a successor by giving at least 30 days' written notice of such successor to the Employee (or Beneficiary), and the Employee (or Beneficiary) will be deemed to have consented to such appointment unless, within such period, the Employee (or Beneficiary) directs the Custodian to transfer the Employee's Account to a different custodian in accordance with Section 5.8 hereof.

On the effective date of its resignation, the incumbent Custodian will transfer to the successor custodian the assets and records (or copies thereof) of the Account; provided, however, that the Custodian may retain whatever assets it deems necessary for payment of its fees, costs, expenses, compensation, and any other liabilities which constitute a charge on or against the assets of the Account or on or against the Custodian.

## ARTICLE 7: FEES, TAXES, AND OTHER EXPENSES

Any income or other taxes that may be levied or assessed upon the Account (including any transfer taxes incurred in connection with the investment and reinvestment of Account assets), expenses, fees and administrative costs incurred by the Custodian in the performance of its duties (including fees for legal services rendered to the Custodian), and the Custodian's compensation under Section 6.4, will constitute a charge upon the assets of the Account.

If not paid by the Employee within 30 days after being billed therefore by the Custodian, the Custodian will withdraw such fee, tax or expense from the Account and may redeem sufficient shares of any Fund held in the Account to effect such payment without liability for any loss incurred thereby.

Any fees charged by the Fund Distributor may be charged against the Employee's Account and will be disclosed by the Fund Distributor to the Employee in a separate document.

### Custodian's Fees

The following is a list of the fees charged by the Custodian for Madison Funds for maintaining a 403(b) account:

<b>Account Opening Fee</b>	\$0
<b>Annual Maintenance Fee per Fund</b>	\$10
(Maximum \$25 per Social Security Number. Fee is generally waived if total 403(b) account(s) value is more than \$35,000.)	
<b>Termination, Rollover, or Transfer of Account to Successor Custodian</b>	\$0

### General Fee Policies

- Fees may be paid by you directly, or the custodian may deduct them from your 403(b) account.
- Fees may be changed upon 30 days written notice to you.
- The full annual maintenance fee will be charged for any calendar year during which you have a 403(b) with us. This fee is not prorated for periods of less than one full year.
- The Custodian may charge you for its reasonable expenses for service not covered by this schedule.

### Other Charges

There may be sales or other charges associated with the Purchase or Redemption of shares of a Fund in which your 403(b) is invested. Before Investing, be sure to read carefully the current prospectus for Madison Funds for a description of applicable charges.

## ARTICLE 8: PROTECTION OF ACCOUNT

No part of the Account will be used for purposes other than for the exclusive benefit of the Employee (and the payment of fees, expenses and charges as provided herein). To the extent permitted by law, no right or benefit under this Agreement will be subject in any manner to anticipation, alienation, sale, transfer, assignment, pledge, encumbrance, or charge, and any attempt at such will be void. To the

extent permitted by law, no right or benefit hereunder will be subject to the debts, contracts, liabilities, engagements or torts of the person who is entitled to such right or benefit, or be subject to attachment or legal process for or against such person. However, the Custodian will carry out the requirements of any apparently valid qualified domestic relations order under Code Section 414(p) relating to the Account.

## ARTICLE 9: BENEFICIARY DESIGNATION

The Employee may submit to the Custodian a signed written designation of beneficiary acceptable to the Custodian. Any such designation of beneficiary will be effective when filed with the Custodian during the Employee's lifetime. Whether or not fully dispositive of the Account, the most recently filed designation of

beneficiary accepted by the Custodian will revoke all previously filed designations. If, in the opinion of the Custodian, any designation of beneficiary is unclear or incomplete, in addition to any documents or assurances the Custodian may request under Section 6.3, the Custodian shall be entitled to request and receive such clarification or

additional instructions as the Custodian in its discretion deems necessary to determine the correct Beneficiary(ies) following the Employee's death. (Note: A married Employee who resides in a community property or marital property state (Arizona, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Nevada, New Mexico, Texas, Washington or Wisconsin), may need to obtain spousal consent if he or she has not designated the spouse as the primary Beneficiary for at least half of the Account. Consult a lawyer or other tax professional for additional information and advice.)

Any amount payable as a result of the Employee's death that is not disposed of by a designation of beneficiary (including any primary or contingent designated beneficiaries), for any reason whatsoever, will be paid to the Employee's estate. If a Beneficiary dies while receiving distributions, the portion of the Account to which the Beneficiary would have been entitled (had he or she survived) shall be paid to the Beneficiary's beneficiary or beneficiaries (or to the Beneficiary's estate) provided the Custodian receives notification and evidence acceptable to it of the Beneficiary's death.

## ARTICLE 10: AMENDMENT

**10.1 Amendment.** The Custodian may amend this Agreement in its entirety or any portion thereof, provided the Employee consents to each such amendment. The Custodian will provide copies of such amendment to the Employee. Nothing in this Agreement will impose on the Custodian an affirmative obligation to amend the Agreement.

**10.2 Limitations.** No amendment will be made:

(a) which would cause or permit any part of the Account to be diverted to purposes other than for the exclusive benefit of the

Employee (or Beneficiary) (including the payment of fees and expenses as provided for herein), or cause or permit any portion of such assets to revert to or become the property of the Employer, or

(b) which would retroactively deprive any Employee of any benefit to which he or she was entitled under the Agreement, unless such amendment is necessary, in the opinion of counsel to the Custodian, to conform the Agreement to, or satisfy the conditions of, Code Section 403(b) or any other applicable law.

## ARTICLE 11: TERMINATION

**11.1 Automatic Termination on Distribution.** The Employer is permitted to terminate the 403(b) arrangement and allow for an Employee's Account to be distributed upon termination provided the conditions set forth in Code Section 403(b) and applicable Treasury regulations have been satisfied. This Agreement will terminate when all the assets held in the Account have been distributed or otherwise transferred out of the Account.

**11.2 Termination on Disqualification.** This Agreement will terminate if, after notification by the Internal Revenue Service that the

Employee's Account does not qualify under Code Section 403(b)(7), the Custodian does not make such amendments as are necessary to so qualify the Account. On such termination of this Agreement, the Custodian will distribute all assets in the Account to the Employee or, in the event of the Employee's death, to the Beneficiary, subject to the Custodian's right to reserve funds as provided in Section 6.5.

**11.3 Survival.** The provisions for the protection of the Custodian, including specifically but without implied limitation Section 6.3(j) and (k), will survive the termination of this Agreement.

## ARTICLE 12: MISCELLANEOUS

**12.1 Not an Employee Benefit Plan.** The Employee must certify that the Employer has permitted the Employee to establish this 403(b) Accounts in accordance with Department of Labor Regulations Section 2510.3-2(f) so that the Account will not be deemed to be an employee pension benefit plan for purposes of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended. The Custodian shall have no responsibility to insure that the arrangement complies with such regulation. The Employer will be responsible for compliance with the requirements of Code Section 403(b)(12)(i), and the Custodian will have no responsibility for insuring that the Employer so complies except to the extent provided herein or otherwise required under Code Section 403(b) or regulations issued thereunder.

**12.2 Applicable Law.** This Agreement will be construed, administered and enforced in accordance with the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, the state where the principal offices of the Custodian are located, and any action involving the Custodian brought by any other party must be brought in a state or federal court in such Commonwealth.

**12.3 Change of Address.** The Employer or the Employee will notify the Custodian in writing of any change of address within 30 days of such change.

**12.4 Notices.**

(a) Any notice or payment from the Custodian to the Employer or the Employee under this Agreement will be effective when sent by U.S. mail to the address of the Employer or Employee as then shown on the Custodian's records. Any notice to the Custodian under this Agreement will be by first class mail addressed to its principal office or such other address as the Custodian specifies.

(b) If any provision of this Agreement calls for written notice to the Custodian, such notice may if permitted by the Custodian be given by telephonic, automatic voice response system or other electronic means. The

Employee acknowledges and agrees that any telephone calls to the Custodian may be recorded.

**12.5 Successors.** This Agreement will be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the successors in interest of the parties hereto.

**12.6 Separability.** If any provision of this Agreement is held invalid or illegal for any reason, such determination will not affect any remaining provisions of this Agreement, but this Agreement will be construed and enforced as if such invalid or illegal provision has never been included in this Agreement. **Code Section 403(b), etc.** As provided in Section 1.1 above, this Agreement and the Adoption Agreement are intended to meet the requirements of Code Section 403(b) and all other applicable legal requirements. If Code Section 403(b) or applicable regulations or other legal rules are amended or

changed, it is anticipated that this Agreement will be correspondingly amended effective as of the effective date of such amendment or change. Pending the adoption of an amendment to this Agreement, the Account may be operated in accordance with the amended or changed requirements of Code Section 403(b) or applicable regulations or other legal rules so as to preserve the intended tax and other benefits of the Account.

**12.7 Reference to Employee.** Following the death of the Employee, the rights and responsibilities of the Employee under this Agreement will be carried out by the Beneficiary (or if none, or no Beneficiary survives the Employee, the Employee's estate), and any reference herein to the Employee will be deemed to be a reference to the Beneficiary (or the executor or the administrator of the Employee's estate).



## FACTS

### WHAT DOES UMB BANK, N.A. (“UMB”) DO WITH YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?

Why?	Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.
What?	<p>The types of personal information we collect and share depend on the product or service you have with us. This information can include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Social Security number</li> <li>▪ Account balances and account transactions</li> <li>▪ Payment history and transaction history</li> <li>▪ Retirement assets</li> </ul> <p>When you are <i>no longer</i> our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.</p>
How?	All financial companies need to share customers’ personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers’ personal information, the reasons UMB chooses to share and whether you can limit this sharing.

Reasons we can share your personal information	Does UMB share?	Can you limit this sharing?
<b>For our everyday business purposes –</b> such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus	Yes	No
<b>For our marketing purposes –</b> to offer our products and services to you	No	We don’t share
<b>For joint marketing with other financial companies</b>	No	We don’t share
<b>For our affiliates’ everyday business purposes –</b> information about your transactions and experiences	No	We don’t share
<b>For our affiliates’ everyday business purposes –</b> information about your creditworthiness	No	We don’t share
<b>For our affiliates to market to you</b>	No	We don’t share
<b>For nonaffiliates to market to you</b>	No	We don’t share

#### Questions?

Call toll-free **800.441.9535** (or if in Kansas City, call **816.860.5780**).

## Who we are

<b>Who is providing this notice?</b>	UMB Bank, n.a.
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## What we do

<b>How does UMB protect my personal information?</b>	To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings.
<b>How does UMB collect my personal information?</b>	We collect your personal information, for example, when you: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Open an account or provide account information</li> <li>▪ Make deposits or take withdrawals from your account</li> <li>▪ Tell us about your investment or retirement portfolio</li> </ul>
<b>Why can't I limit all sharing?</b>	Federal law gives you the right to limit only: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes – information about your creditworthiness</li> <li>▪ Affiliates from using your information to market to you</li> <li>▪ Sharing for nonaffiliates to market to you</li> </ul> State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing. See below for more on your rights under state law.

## Definitions

<b>Affiliates</b>	Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <i>UMB does not share with affiliates.</i></li> </ul>
<b>Nonaffiliates</b>	Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <i>UMB does not share with nonaffiliates so they can market to you.</i></li> </ul>
<b>Joint Marketing</b>	A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <i>UMB doesn't jointly market.</i></li> </ul>